

Unit Test on Ancient Civilizations

Multiple Choice (14 pts.) Read the following statements carefully. Select and circle the **most correct** choice among the choices provided.

1. Which present day country was **not** part of the Fertile Crescent?
 - A. Egypt
 - B. Greece
 - C. Iraq
 - D. Syria
2. Which ancient civilization was located on a peninsula?
 - A. China
 - B. Egypt
 - C. Italy
 - D. Mesopotamia
3. Which ancient civilization was known for its pharaohs and pyramids?
 - A. China
 - B. Egypt
 - C. Greece
 - D. Mesopotamia
4. What ancient building is known for its location on a hill?
 - A. Coliseum
 - B. Parthenon
 - C. Pantheon
 - D. Acropolis
5. Religious temples located in Mesopotamia were called?
 - A. cuneiforms
 - B. pyramids
 - C. sphinxes
 - D. ziggurats
6. Gladiator events and other forms of entertainment were held in the?
 - A. Coliseum
 - B. Pantheon
 - C. Parthenon
 - D. Acropolis
7. What was the **main** contribution to the world from ancient Rome?
 - A. aqueducts
 - B. hieroglyphics
 - C. roads
 - D. temples

Name _____

Grade _____

8. Which ancient civilization developed the cuneiform system of writing?
 - A. Egypt
 - B. Greece
 - C. China
 - D. Mesopotamia
9. What was the writing system of Egypt known as?
 - A. hieroglyphics
 - B. cuneiform
 - C. papyrus
 - D. atrium
10. The lower class of Romans were known as the?
 - A. equites
 - B. plebians
 - C. patricians
 - D. peasants
11. Which king is known for developing the Hanging Gardens of Babylon?
 - A. Cyrus the Great
 - B. Hammurabi
 - C. Nebuchadnezzar
 - D. Sargon the Great
12. One of the **best** known monuments to protect royal tomb in Egypt was the?
 - A. Great Sphinx of Giza
 - B. Acropolis
 - C. Royal Ziggurat of UR
 - D. Parthenon
13. The **greatest** contribution ancient Greece contributed to modern society is?
 - A. architecture
 - B. democracy
 - C. monotheism
 - D. splendid buildings
14. The **key** factor in the growth of all civilizations was the development of?
 - A. agriculture
 - B. industry
 - C. inventions
 - D. war

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Fill-in-the Blanks (15 pts.) Below are statements describing the actions and achievements of various men from ancient civilizations. Use the men's names from the word table to fill in the blanks with the correct answer for each statement. Cross off words you have used.

Alexander the Great	Archimedes	Aristotle	Julius Caesar	Confucius
Cyrus the Great	Emperor Qin Huangdi	Hammurabi	Herodotus	Hippocrates
Nebuchadnezzar	King Philip	Plato	Sargon the Great	Socrates

1. Greek philosopher who is known as a Father of Philosophy _____
2. man who brought the warring city-states together & unified Greece _____
3. famous Roman general who won many battles _____
4. famous Greek general who expanded his father's empire _____
5. Greek philosopher who is also known as a Father of Philosophy _____
6. Greek doctor who developed a pledge that doctors take today _____
7. man who started building the Great Wall of China _____
8. famous Chinese philosopher _____
9. a military genius who built the Akkad Empire in Mesopotamia _____
10. probably the first ruler who developed a list of human rights _____
11. another Greek philosopher known as a Father of Philosophy _____
12. famous Greek scientist and mathematician _____
13. created one of the Seven Wonders of the Ancient World _____
14. wrote one of the first set of laws in recorded history _____
15. known as the Father of History _____

Short Answer (4 pts.)

1. What were two negative impacts resulting from the growth of civilizations.
_____ and _____
2. Identify two inventions for which the Sumerians were known.
_____ and _____

Name _____

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Matching (15 pts.) Below are statements or phrases that are associated with the words in the word table. Use the letter of the word from the word table to fill in the blanks with the correct answer for each statement or phrase. Cross off words you have used.

A. agora	B. aqueduct	C. atrium	D. city-states	E. dynasty
F. forum	G. legend	H. magnetite	I. mummification	J. patricians
K. polytheistic	L. radiocarbon dating	M. saltpeter	N. toga	O. tunic

1. gunpowder _____
2. loose fitting outer garment of Romans _____
3. The Trojan Horse is an example of a/an _____
4. Athens, Rome, Troy, Babylon, and UR were _____
5. open space circled by temples, banks and place of business _____
6. natural substance from which compasses were made _____
7. process for preparing a body for the afterlife _____
8. open space for markets and meeting places _____
9. wealthy Romans were known as _____
10. loose fitting inner garment of Romans _____
11. long line of rulers from the same family _____
12. Wealthy Roman houses had an open area with a pool in the center _____
13. structures designed to carry water over long distances _____
14. worshipping many gods _____
15. process for determining the age of artifacts that were once made out of living material _____

A Mixture (11 pts.) Fill in the blanks with the correct answers.

1. Give two reasons why the Roman Empire declined. _____ & _____
2. What's another name (a shape) for the "Cradle of Civilization?" _____
3. What two rivers flow through Mesopotamia? _____ & _____
4. What tradition from Greece is held in our world today? _____
5. What Roman city was destroyed by a volcanic eruption. _____
6. What river flowed through Ancient Egypt? _____
7. What did the Ancient Chinese call their country? _____
8. What's the name of the Greek legend that dealt with a beautiful woman? _____
9. List one invention the Chinese contributed not covered in this test. _____